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Number	LAC Recommendation	Agency Response	Agency Action Required	Implementation Timeline
	The South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank should report on its website a comprehensive list of grants, loans, total commitments, and disbursements for all of its projects since the agency's inception in 1997.		The Bank will consider using a chart similar to Table 2.1 on page 6 of the LAC Report on its website. The Bank is considering contracting to upgrade current website.	Prior to 12/31/16 - SC.GOV is currently working on new design for website
	<ul> <li>The General Assembly should amend state law in one of the following ways: • Discontinue South Carolina</li> <li>Transportation Infrastructure Bank and its Board of Directors and assign the mission of managing the entire state- level, highway and public transportation system to the South Carolina</li> <li>Department of Transportation.</li> <li>Make South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank a unit of South Carolina Department of Transportation, while maintaining the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank Board in an advisory capacity.</li> </ul>	Non-Concur	There is no analysis by the LAC of how or if this massive change could be done legally, financially, or practically. The Bank has been successfully issuing revenue bonds over a period of almost 20 years and has established strong relationships with rating agencies, investment banks, investors and bondholders. It has material contractual obligations to its bondholders that may not be impaired by the actions of the State and are protected by the impairment of contract provisions in the United States and South Carolina Constitutions. SCDOT is a significant debtor of the Bank, and its payments to the Bank are pledged to the payment of revenue bonds. The Bank has the responsibility of enforcing those payment obligations. Under SC Code Section 11-43- 210(A), the Bank may request that the State Treasurer intercept State funds or funds administered by the State allotted or appropriated to SCDOT if SCDOT fails to make such a payment and apply those funds to those bond obligations. This proposal is inconsistent with Act 275 of 2016 and would disrupt the implementation of the financial structure continued and expanded upon by the Act.	

3	When implementing either of the above	Non-Concur	Any consideration of SCDOT's absorbing the Bank's	
	recommendations, the General		debt would need to address, analyze and determine	
	Assembly should amend state law to		answers to a number of crucial questions a few of	
	increase the classes of bonds that may		which are: (1) If the security features and obligations	
	be issued to finance South Carolina		arising from the debtor-creditor relationship between	
	Department of Transportation's projects		the Bank and SCDOT are altered, will that create an	
	or amend the South Carolina		impairment of contract or give rise to litigation by	
	Constitution to increase South Carolina		bondholders or others? (2) How will this massive	
	Department of Transportation's debt		change affect the credit rating, value and liquidity of	
	service limit for highway bonds.		outstanding and future bond issues? (3) What will the	
			possible additional interest costs to the State be? (4)	
			What will be the effect on the State's ability to market	
			bonds? If the State issues general obligation debt to	
			refinance or replace the Bank's \$1.94 billion in	
			revenue bonds or to finance its transportation needs,	
			the State would be pledging the full faith and taxing	
			power of the State to pay those bonds while the	
			current sole source of such payment for the Bank's	
			revenue bonds is the non-state tax revenue sources	
			pledged by the Bank as authorized by the General	
			Assembly. That pledge does not put the State's taxing	
			power at risk.	
			power derisk.	
4	If the General Assembly does not	Non-Concur	Please see other comments in this response.	
	discontinue the function of the South			
	Carolina Transportation Infrastructure			
	Bank, it should implement the remaining			
	recommendations in this report.			
	The South Carolina Transportation	Concur	The Bank is in the process of adopting policy changes	Prior to 12/31/16 - <mark>See</mark>
5		Concur		
	Infrastructure Bank should formally and			Section 12 of Operating
	publicly communicate the availability of		publicly.	Guidelines
	funding.	C		Drianta 12/24/46
6	The South Carolina Transportation	Concur	The Bank is in the process of adopting policy changes	Prior to 12/31/16 - See
	Infrastructure Bank should adopt an		that address this. Application criteria and deadlines	Section 12 of Operating
	annual timeline for publicly		will be announced publicly.	Guidelines
	communicating updated criteria			
	regarding the application process.			
7	The South Carolina Transportation	Concur	The Bank is in the process of adopting policy changes	Prior to 12/31/16 - <mark>See</mark>
	Infrastructure Bank should create an		that address this. Application criteria and deadlines	Section 12 of Operating
	annual deadline, that is consistent from		will be announced publicly.	Guidelines
	year to year, for accepting applications			
	when funding is available and establish a			
	structured timeline for the review and			
	award processes.			
8	The South Carolina Transportation	Concur	The Bank is in the process of adopting policy changes	Prior to 12/31/16 - <mark>See</mark>
	Infrastructure Bank should require a		that address this comment for material changes to	Sections 7 and 8 of
	new application for funding requests		applications.	Operating Guidelines
	which differ from the initial application.			eperating editerines
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9	The South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank should promulgate, in regulation, its criteria and process for awarding financial assistance.	Non-Concur	The Bank submits that the comments concerning regulations are legally incorrect. There is no requirement in law that the Bank must adopt regulations. See, <u>Stogsdill v. SCDHEC</u> , 410 S.C. 273, 763 S.E.2d 638 (Ct. App. 2014). Further, the guidelines and policies the Bank follows and are developing are not required to be in the form of regulations because they are not of general public applicability and are not intended to have the force or effect of law. SC Code Section 1-23-10(4). Such an approach also would hamper the ability of the Bank to promptly respond to needed changes to increase the effectiveness of the Bank's review of applications, such as the recommendations in the LAC Report.	
10	The South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank should develop formal policies regarding its practice of awarding financial assistance.	Concur	The Bank in the process of adopting policy changes that address this. Application criteria and deadlines will be announced publicly.	Prior to 12/31/16 - See Operating Guidelines
11	The South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank should adopt a formal scoring sheet for evaluating project applications.	Concur	Revised evaluation criteria and project scoring is under consideration.	Prior to 12/31/16 - Being reviewed by Evaluation Committee - See Section 12 C of Operating Guidelines
12	The South Carolina General Assembly should amend the South Carolina Code of Laws Section 11-43-130(6) by adding clarity as to what constitutes a "project" and what constitutes "major."	NA	Recommendation is wholly within the prerogative of the General Assembly.	
13	The General Assembly should amend state law to establish the minimum amount of matching funds applicants are required to contribute, for both grants and loans, to be eligible and qualify for financial assistance.	NA	Recommendation is wholly within the prerogative of the General Assembly. Section 6 of Act 275 of 2016 provides that minimum costs of a project must be \$25 million.	
14	The South Carolina Infrastructure Bank should require an increased recipient match when additional funding is awarded due to cost overruns.	Non-Concur	Restricts Board's ability to be flexible in decision making where circumstances on a project justify such flexibility. Such decisions are reviewed by JBRC and now SCDOT.	
15	The General Assembly should amend state law to establish the acceptable types of financial and in-kind matches required of entities that receive financial assistance from the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank.	NA	Recommendation is wholly within the prerogative of the General Assembly.	
16	The South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank should consistently apply all its requirements to all applicants.	Concur	Bank's proposed policy changes are designed to promote consistency in the evaluation and selection process.	Prior to 12/31/16 - See Operating Guidelines

18	The General Assembly should amend state law to require the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank only projects that are included in the South Carolina Department of Transportation's priority list. The South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank should require	NA Concur	Recommendation is wholly within the prerogative of the General Assembly. Section 7 of Act 275 of 2016 requires Bank to prioritize projects in accordance with criteria in SC Code Section 57-1-370 (B)(8). Addressed in the Bank's application documents and process whereby the applicant is required to supply a	
	applicants to demonstrate whether the benefits of the project would exceed the costs.		cost/benefit analysis.	
	The South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank should develop a minimum rating to use in the evaluation process to determine which projects qualify for funding.	Concur	Revised evaluation criteria and project scoring is under consideration, taking into account Act 275 of 2016.	Prior to 12/31/16
	The General Assembly should amend state law to clarify whether Act 98 funds are available to entities other than the South Carolina Department of Transportation.	NA	Act 98 of 2013, S.C. Code Section 11-43-165, is clear to SCDOT, the General Assembly and the Bank. The Act requires the Bank to select and fund certain types of defined projects from a list submitted to the Bank from SCDOT. Act 98 would need to be amended for Bank to consider non-SCDOT projects.	
	The General Assembly should amend state law to clarify the award criteria for Act 98 funds.	NA	See #20	
	The South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank should develop a formal written process for evaluating Act 98 applications.	NA	See #20	
	The S.C. State Infrastructure Bank should institute a policy that requires the source of payment for all travel and related expenses be documented.	Concur	The Bank will develop a policy on travel reimbursement that is consistent with state regulations. Some LAC comments on thus point are inaccurate.	Prior to 12/31/16
	The General Assembly should amend S.C. Section 8-13-710 to make it illegal for all state public officials, board members, and employees to accept any gifts over a specific dollar amount that are a result of their holding state government positions.		Recommendation is wholly within the prerogative of the General Assembly.	

25 T	The General Assembly should obtain a	Non-Concur	The LAC raises the issue of whether the Bank is	
f	ormal opinion from the South Carolina		indirectly using state tax sources of revenues to pay	
C	Office of Attorney General on the		debt service on its revenue bonds. <u>The comments on</u>	
s	sources of funds used to repay SCTIB		that subject made in the Report are incorrect factually	
r	evenue bonds to ensure that it is		and legally and are potentially damaging to the State.	
С	compliance with: • Article 10, Section		The Bank does not use state tax sources or revenues	
1	L3, Subsection 9 of the S.C. Constitution,		to pay debt service. As established by the Bank's	
v	which prohibits the use of taxes to repay		Enabling Act, Master Revenue Bond Resolution and	
r	evenue bonds.		relevant agreements, the Bank has pledged only non-	
•	<ul> <li>The legal principle which states and act</li> </ul>		state tax revenues to the payment of those bonds and	
t	hat is forbidden to be done directly may		uses only non-state tax revenues to make payments of	
n	not be done indirectly.		debt service on those bonds. The accounting records	
			of the Bank and SCDOT establish those facts. The	
			foregoing comments are supported by the opinion of	
			the Bank's bond counsel.	
26 T	The South Carolina Transportation	Concur	The Bank will discuss development of a standard	Prior to 12/31/16
	nfrastructure Bank should implement a	concur	process with its Audit Firm and Financial Advisor.	11101 10 12/31/10
	standard process for the allocation of			
	nterest earnings on funds held by it for			
	other entities.			
	The General Assembly should amend	NA	Provisio 117.135 of the 2016-17 Appropriations Act	
	state law to clarify whether the Act 92 of		transfers the funds from the Bank to the South	
	2015 funds are recurring.		Carolina Department of Transportation. This comment	
	č		is moot.	